



MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

TAYLOR WATER ASSOCIATION
Public Water Supply Name

0360014

COHIL	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consume dence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCI be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Pleas	se Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
. :	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed://
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed://
<	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: OXFORD EAGLE
	Date Published: 6 / 28/10
3	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted://
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERT	<u> </u>
onsis	by certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in rm and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is stent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State truent of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
ک Name	Bridges / SYSTEM MANAGER 7/13/10 e/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

PRINTER'S FEE \$___ 375,45

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI LAFAYETTE COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for said county and State, the undersigned

Tim Phillips

Who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Co-Publisher of the Oxford Eagle, a newspaper published daily in the City of Oxford, in said county and State, and that the said newspaper has been published for '

more than one year and that 2009-Water Quality Report
PW 540# 0360014 a true copy of which is hereto attached was published for _____ consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

VOLUME

NO.

142

192 June 28,20

Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of June, 20/1

Notary Public, Lafayette County Wississippi

My commission expires G. VASILYEV

for John The John The

Is any water safe?

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. Taylor Water vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

Defined to take special necessitions?

that our system has not violated a natural resonance of the properties of the proper

and other merobial conjumination as Arthurbus (Where does my water come from?

Our water source consists of two wells pumping from the Meridian-Upper Wilcox Aquifer:

Source water assessment and its availability

Our source water assessment is currently being conducted and is not available at this time. As soon as it is completed, you will be notified and copies of this assessment will be available at our office.

Our source water assessment is currently peing conducted and is not available at this time. As soon as it is completed, you will be notified and copies of this assessment will be available at our office. Why are there contaminants in my drinking water? Prinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some Contaminants. The presence of contaminants and opential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection information about contaminants and opential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency (PA) Saio Prinking Water Holling (800-426-4791). How can Lee Involved?

Our board meets mouthly on the second Tuesday night of each month at 7:00 P.M. at the water office. We encourage our containers with concerns or questions about this isport to meet with us. For more information contact: Taylor Water Association P.O. Dos 8 Taylor, Ms 38673 Atm. John Milam, President. Phone: 662-513-3789 Monitoring and reporting of compiliance data violations. We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004 monitoring are an indicator of the falls (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississippi State Dept of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississippi State Dept of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississippi State Dept of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississippi State Dept of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississippi State Dept of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary the Mississip

requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the ein or the temphatac persons. Additional Information for Lead If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for preparat women and young the present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for preparat women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and long plumbing. Taylor Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, int campot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for system lenns, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by fushing your large of 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in the water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available information and the properties of the pr have your water tested.

Water Quality Data Table

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not precessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change formulation.

contaminants do not change frequently.

Important Drinking Water Definitions:

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no work thrown or expected risk to be path the MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest beyl of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Alt: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MNRC Monitored, not regulated.

Unit Descriptions:

Unit Descriptions:
ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ontaminants (units)	ICLG	MCL.	Your	Rang	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
			Water	Low	riigii j	Date	اببرسسا	
Disinfectants & Disinfect	4	4	0.96	0.55	1.05	2009	No	Water additive used to control microbes
norganic Contaminants	——							to destroyles
	0.006	0.006	0.0005	N/A	ŅĀ	2009	NO	Discharge from ceramics, electronics, solder
	0	0.01	0.0005	NA	NA	2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Arşenia (ppm) Baykım (ppm)	2	2	0.010514	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natura deposits
Beryllium (ppm)	0,004	0.004	0.0005	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Discharge from metal refineries, coal- turning factories
Cadinium (ppm)	0.005	0.005	0.0005	N/A	N/A	,2009	No	Erosion of natural deposit, runoff from waste batteries & paint
Chromium (Total) (ppm)	0.1	0.1	0.0005	N/A	NΑ	2009	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mile; Eroslon of natural deposits
Cyanide (ppm)	0.2	0.2	0.015	NA	N/A	. 2009	No	Discharge from metal, fertilizer & plastic factories
Flouride (ppm)	*4	4	0.1	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits Corresion of household plumbing
Load (90th percentile)	0.015	0.015	0.002	N/A	N/A	2008	No	systems: erosion of natural deposits
Copper(90th percentile)	1.3	1.3	0.8	NIA	N/A	2008	No	Corresion of household psymbling systems; erosion of natural deposits; leachin from wood preservatives
Mercury (ppnt)	0,002	0,002	0.0005	N/A	ΝΑ	2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits, runoff from
touate (measured as Nitrogen) (ppm)	10	10	0.56	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Runolf from fartifizer use: Leaching fr septic lanks, sewage; Erosion of natu deposits
Nittoliau) (bbu) Mittal (meberined as	1	1	0.05	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Runoff from fertilizer use: Leaching fr septic lanks, sewage; Eroslon of natu deposits
Nitrate+Nitrite (measured as NI (ppm)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10	0,66	N/A	N/A	2009		Runolf from fertilizer use; Leaching fr septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natu deposits
	0.05	0.05	0.0025	N/A	N/A	2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits Discharge from electronics, glass & drug
Selenkum (ppm) Thalkum (ppm)	0.002		20.5	N/A	NA	2009	No	factories
Contaminants (units)	MCL	3 AL	Water	Sample	Exc	amples eding Al	Exceed	S Typical Source
TTRESHAS Running	Annual	Average	e (RAA) Re	port				By-product of drinking water chloring
TTHM RAA (MGA.)	0.08			2009	1	Q	No	7.65
WAAS BAA (MG#)	0.06	0.06		2009	T	0	No	By-product of drinking water disinfect